

The Adams Sentinel.

A Family Journal—Devoted to Foreign and Domestic News, Politics, Literature, Agriculture, Education, Morality, Science and Art, Amusement, Advertising, &c. &c.

At \$2.00 per annum in advance.
Or \$2.50, if not paid within the year.

ROBERT G. HARPER, EDITOR AND PROPRIETOR.

Advertisements \$1 per square for 3 weeks.
25 cents per square for each continuation.

"RESIST WITH CARE THE SPIRIT OF INNOVATION UPON THE PRINCIPLES OF YOUR GOVERNMENT, HOWEVER SPECIOUS THE PRETEXT."—Washington.

VOL. LII.

GETTYSBURG, PA., MONDAY, OCTOBER 4, 1852.

NO. 48.

VALUABLE TOWN PROPERTY AT PUBLIC SALE.

On Saturday the 9th day of October next, at 1 o'clock, P. M., the subscriber will offer at Public Sale, the valuable property, for many years his residence, in the borough of Gettysburg, fronting on South Baltimore street, and which, from its convenience of location and arrangement, will be found one of the most pleasant and desirable residences in the town. The improvements consist of a well finished THREE-STORY BRICK DWELLING, with a Two-story Back Building, a good Stable, Bath house, Cistern, an excellent well of water, with a good pump in it, with other conveniences—all in excellent order.

The terms, which will be accommodating, will be made known on the day of sale, by

D. M. SMYER.

Sept. 13.

NOTICE.

Estate of William M. Scott, deceased.

LETTERS of Administration on the Estate of WILLIAM M. SCOTT, late of Freedom township, Adams county, deceased, having been granted to the subscriber, hereby gives notice to all persons indebted to said Estate, to make immediate payment of their respective debts; and all persons having claims or demands against said Estate, in present the same, properly authenticated, for settlement.

The first named Administrator resides in the Borough of Gettysburg, the second in Cumberland township, and the last named in Freedom township, Adams County.

ABRAHAM O. SCOTT,
JOHN CUNNINGHAM,
GEORGE W. SCOTT,
Administrators.

Aug. 23.

NOTICE.

Estate of Samuel Linn, deceased.

LETTERS of Administration de bonis non, on the Estate of SAMUEL LINN, late of Mountjoy township, Adams county, deceased, having been granted to the subscriber, residing in the same township, he hereby gives notice to all persons indebted to said Estate, to call and settle the same; and those who have claims are desired to present them, properly authenticated, for settlement.

JAMES LINN, Adm'r.

Aug. 23.

NOTICE.

Estate of Mary Welker, deceased.

LETTERS of Administration on the Estate of MARY WELKER, late of Seneca co., Ohio, formerly of Adams county, Pa., deceased, having been granted to the subscriber, residing in Freedom township, Adams county, he hereby gives notice to all persons indebted to said estate, to call and settle the same, and those having claims are desired to present them, properly authenticated, for settlement.

HENRY HEAGY, Adm'r.

Aug. 23.

ASSIGNEE'S NOTICE.

THE subscriber, being appointed Assignee of JACOB MYERS, of Meadon township, Adams county, hereby gives notice to all persons indebted to said Myers, to call and settle the same without delay; and those who have claims against said Myers, are requested to present the same to the subscriber.

JOSEPH BAYLY, Assignee.

Aug. 23.

A CARD.

THE Winter Session of the New-Oxford Collegiate & Medical Institute, for 1852-53, will open in its various branches on Monday the 11th of October next, and continue till the 1st of April following.

The following are the terms, viz: \$15 in the Collegiate, and \$20 in the Medical Department; payment in advance—(No extra charges whatever).

The German Language is taught four hours weekly, at \$5 per Session; Music, (theoretical and practical) for \$5 per quarter.

For Pupils sent from a distance, the Principal, will, if desired, procure board, washing and mending in respectable houses for \$75 per annum, payable quarterly in advance.

Parents and Guardians, who wish their sons or wards to receive a thorough education, without endangering their physical or moral health, are invited to come and examine the Institute personally, since the evidence of our own senses is more to be relied upon, than any other.

M. H. C. PFEIFFER, M. D., Principal.

New-Oxford Institute, 2

Sept. 20, 1852.

DISSOLUTION.

THE Co-Partnership heretofore existing under the name and style of SNEERINGER & RENSHAW, is this day dissolved by mutual consent.

The outstanding accounts and business of the late firm, will be settled at their late stand by either partner.

JOHN SNEERINGER,
JOHN A. RENSHAW.

Littlestown, July 14, 1852.

CO-PARTNERSHIP.

THE undersigned have this day entered into a Co-Partnership, under the firm of

SNEERINGER & STUDY,

and will continue the Mercantile Business, as heretofore conducted at the Old Stand of the late Firm of Sneeringer & Renshaw. They solicit and would be thankful for a continuance of the patronage of the public.

JES SNEERINGER,
EDWIN L. STUDY.

Littlestown, July 14, 1852.

Skelly & Hollenbaugh.

THANKFUL for past favors, respectfully inform their friends and the public, that they continue the TAILORING business, at the old stand, and solicit a continuance of the public's patronage. Garments made in the shortest time possible. (The New York and Philadelphia Fall and Winter Fashions have just been received.)

Oct. 20.

Bonnets and Dress Goods.

A Additional supply of Gimp and Straw Bonnets, Berge de Laine, Poplins, and

Dressed Swims for Ladies' Dresses, just received and for sale cheap at

FAHNESTOCK'S,

April 26.

Sign Red Front.

THE heart of man is like a harp.

Oh many thousand strings;

Touched by a skilful hand, a tone

Breathes from it sweet, or low, or sharp,

Or plaintive as a harp's own.

When broken are its strings,

Oh! many are the notes that ring

From it in poor heart of mine;

Sometimes 'tis like a joyous bird,

While, at the first warm days of spring,

The fountain of all love is stirred,

Moved by a hand divine.

But then again sad tones of woe

Come from each trembling string;

Sad as the childless mother's heart,

When all she loved is laid low,

And the hot tears unbidden start

From her heart with aching.

Deal gently with this wondrous harp—

Breathe on it soft and low;

Let every trembling note be true,

Whether it sweet, or low, or sharp,

That e'en the saddest tones may be

A melody in woe.

VISIONS OF THE SOUL.

There's beauty when the twilight falls

With splendor on the plain,

And to our mind some scene recalls

Which may not come again;

And there is beauty when the sun

Sheds his bright beams on the earth—

When each bright beam and twinkling star,

We see a heavenly birth.

But what is loveliness like this,

To visions of the soul?

When over it, in thoughts of bliss,

Some loved ones roll

They are indeed the only joys

Which to the heart are given,

And give to man on earth below,

A foretaste sweet of heaven.

LINES.

Oh, can it be! that when we sleep,

The Angels' or our spirits keep?

And do they leave their homes above,

To guard us with their wings of love?

Say, do they leave the glorious skies,

To watch our pillow, lest arise

Some phantom dark, our fears to wake,

And dream-demons disturb our break?

If it be so, I'll turn no more

My faithful pillow o'er,

But think the purgations of me close,

Till my sweet sleep I find repose.

THE EARLY AUTUMN.

A stroll out to the meadow and woods

Shows you, reader, better than the page of

the almanac, that Autumn is here. Slight

indeed his touch has yet been felt, but

plainly you see where he has been laying,

"Here and there,"

A fiery finger on the leaves;"

how blood-red some of the gum leaves glow

already, and the maples are richly draped

in orange and scarlet and purple.

"The swan sing sweetest as he dies,"

the expiring dolphin is decked in the rays

of the rainbow, and the foliage of our woods

—particularly along the streams and mead-

ow sides—assumes a beauty exceeding even

its soft and tender April green, as it pre-

pares to wither and fall. A frosty morning

and a few chilly days have come, and al-

ready it begins to put its dying beauty on;

a week or two hence it will flash with crim-

son and gold, and then a little while, and it

will drop to the earth colorless and dead.—

Cecil Wiley.

I WILL.

We like that strong robust expression—

No one having uttered it sincerely was ever

a mean, cringing man. The pigmies of the

world did not trouble him, although they

rose in masses to pull him down. He

speaks and the indomitable will prevails.—

His enemies fall before him. He rides

forth a conqueror. Would you be great?

Would you be distinguished for your literary

or scientific efforts? Look not mourn-

fully at your lot, but with "I will," breath-

ing upon your lips, bursting from a great

heart, you cannot but prevail. Show us

the man who never rose higher than a toad

stool and his influence died with his breath,

and we will point to you a cringing wretch

who trembled at the approach of a spider and

fainted beneath a thunder cloud. Let the

fires of energy play through your veins, and

if your thoughts are directed in the right

channels, you will yet startle the slumber-

ing universe.—[John Neal.

Engaging Manners.

There are a thousand pretty engaging little

ways, which every person may put on with-

out the risk of being detected either affected

or foppish. The sweet smile, the quiet,

cordial bow, the earnest movement in ad-

dressing a friend, or more especially a stran-

ger whom one may recommend to our good

regards, the inquiring glance, the graceful

attentions which are captivating when unit-

ed with self-possession, these will insure us

the good regards of even a churl. Above

all there is a certain softness of manner

which should be cultivated, and which, in

either man or woman, adds a charm that

almost entirely compensates for lack of

beauty. The voice may be modulated so to

intimate, that it will speak directly to the

heart, and from that direct answer, and

politeness may be made an essential to our

nature. Neither is time thrown away in

attending to these things, insignificant as

they may seem to those who engage in

weightier matters.

Pure Air in Schools.

At the Education Convention at Newark,

last month, Dr. Griscom, of New York, ur-

ged upon school committee men and teach-

ers the importance of pure air for scholars.

He remarked that it would astonish some

when he said that respiration was the last act

of digestion. This act oxidizes and decarbo-

nizes the blood. The want of fresh and pure

air is among the prime causes of mortality.

It is a fact that half of the race die before

the age of twenty-one. The school room

and dormitory are changed into abodes of

death. Fresh air is deliberately shut out,

and foul air, the fell minister of disease,

kept in. When will due attention be paid

to the subject of ventilation, in constructing

school rooms, public halls and dwelling

houses?

Politeness in Dinning.

An old gentleman had owed a firm for

years; at last, after everybody's patience

and temper were exhausted, a clerk named

Frank undertook to get the money.

Frank called upon the gentleman, and

met with a polite reception, and the usual

answer, with the addition, "You need not

trouble yourself, young man, about the mat-

ter; I will make it all right."

"O, no," replied Frank, "I could not

think for a moment of compelling you to

call at the store for a few dollars. It will

not be the slightest inconvenience for me to

stop in, as I pass your place of business six

times a day, to and from my meals, and I

can call every time I go by."

"Here," said the old fellow to his book-

keeper, alarmed at the prospect of being

damned six times a day for the next six

months, "pay this impudent rascal. He

can beat me in politeness, and if he wants

a situation, I will give him two thousand

dollars a year."—Hunt's Merchants' Maga-

zine.

Dean Swift having preached an as-

side sermon in Ireland, was afterwards

invited to dine with the judges, and having

in his discourse considered the use and

abuse of the law, he had borne a little hard

upon those counsellors who pleaded causes

which they knew in their conscience to be

wrong. When the dinner was over, and

the glass began to go round, a young bar-

ristler, who happened to be present, took oc-

casional to retort upon the Dean, and after

many alterations on both sides, the coun-

sellor at last asked him if the devil were to

die, whether a person might not be found

for money to preach his funeral sermon.—

"Yes," said Swift, "and I would gladly be

the man, for I would then give the devil

his due, as I have this day his children."

At a very excellent hotel, they were

one day short of a waiter, when a newly ar-

rived Liberator was hastily made to supply

the place of a more expert hand.

"Now, Barney," said mine host, "mind

you serve every man with soup, anyhow."

"He said, 'I'll do that same,'" said the

Libertarian. Soup came on the start, and

Barney, after helping all but one guest,

came upon the last one.

"Soup, sir?" said Barney.

"No soup for me," said the guest.

"But you must have it," said Barney,

"it's the rules of the house."

"Blast the house," exclaimed the guest,

highly exasperated, "when I don't want

soup, I won't eat it; get along with you."

"Well," said Barney, with solemnity,

"all I can say is just this, it's the regula-

tions of the house, and not a drop else you

'll get till you finish the soup."

The traveller gave in, and the soup was

gobbled.

Ken.—A party of Congressmen, passing

a place where laborers were engaged upon

the new portion of the Capitol, met a team

TO THE PUBLIC.

JOSEPH OVELMAN, residing near Emmitsburg, Md., a short distance from the Sisterhood, left his home on Sunday evening the 12th inst., in a state of mental aberration, and has not been heard of since. He is 52 years of age, and his dress at the time was a dark blue coat, no vest, and a pair of corded velvet pantaloons—a slouch hat, buttoned up at each side. A suitable reward will be given to any person bringing him to his home, or giving information to the subscriber, residing near Emmitsburg. JOHN OVELMAN.

Sept. 20. 1t

NINE TEACHERS WANTED.

THE School Directors of Mount Pleasant township, will meet at the School-house near Anthony Smith's, in said township, on Saturday the 22nd day of October next, at 12 o'clock, M., to receive proposals from Teachers to take charge of the different Schools in said township. All persons interested are invited to attend. GEORGE HAGERMAN, Sec'y.

Sept. 13. 1t

NOTICE TO ASSESSORS.

THE Assessors elected at the last Spring Election are hereby notified to attend at the Commissioners' Office in the Borough of Gettysburg, to receive Blank Assessment Duplicates and the necessary instructions, as follows:—The Assessors for Union, Conowingo, Berwick, Oxford, Hamilton, Reading, Mount Pleasant, Germany, Straban and Mountjoy, will attend on Wednesday the 13th of October next; and the Assessors for the Borough, Cumberland, Freedom, Liberty, Hamilton, Franklin, Butler, Menallen, Tyrone, Huntingdon and Lattimore, will attend on Thursday the 14th of October next.

By Order of the Commissioners. J. AUGHINBAUGH, Clerk.

Sept. 13. 1t

MILITARY NOTICE.

I Having been made the duty of Brigade Inspectors to collect all Military arms or other military property of this Commonwealth, which may be the possession of any person or persons not entitled by law to hold the same:

All persons having any military arms, tents, regimental or battalion colors, or any other military property of the State in his or her possession, are hereby required forthwith to deliver the same to the subscriber, otherwise they will be held responsible according to law.

John Becker, Petersburg; A. T. Green, East Berlin; Sebastian Haefler, Abbotstown; Nicholas Moritz, Freedom township; and Joseph Barker, Littlestown, are authorized to receive and hold the same for the use of the State.

JOHN SCOTT, Brigadier Inspector, 2d Brigade, 4th Division.

Sept. 6. 3t

NEW GOODS.

W. M. W. PAXTON has constantly on hand, at his Store in Gettysburg, a very large and full assortment of

Hats, Caps, Boots & Shoes,

of Eastern and Home manufacture, which he is selling at extremely low prices, and can suit all customers in size, quality and price.

Silk Hats for \$1.

Moleskin \$4, fine quality, Phila. make.

Slouch Mole Hats, 50 cents to \$1.

Slouch Fur Hats, from \$1 to \$3.

Leighorn and Braid Hats of all sizes, for Men, Boys and Children.

Gentlemen's Boots, \$1 87 1/2.

Very best Home made, \$3 75.

Ladies Shoes from \$1 1/2 to \$1 3/4.

Ladies Gaiters, all colors, warranted.

A very large assortment of Children's Shoes of every description and style.

Come one, come all, you can be suited, arrangements are made to furnish all goods promptly, in our line of business. Call TWO DOORS below the Post Office, in Chambersburg street.

June 7.

LOOK OUT—PAY UP!

THE subscriber hereby gives notice, that he has placed his Notes, Book Accounts, &c. for debts contracted prior to January 1st, 1849, in the hands of ALEXANDER R. STANLEY, Esq., in Gettysburg—at whose office all persons indebted are requested to call and make payment. The large amount outstanding forbids further indulgence. All claims must be cashed.

SAMUEL FAHNESTOCK.

Dec. 15. 1t

LADIES' DRESS GOODS.

ANOTHER Stock of Dress Silks, Poplins, Berge de Laines, Bergees, and Mous de Laines, handsome and cheap, at

FAHNESTOCK'S.

May 12.

DAILY LINE.

FARE REDUCED!

THE subscribers announce to the traveling public that they are now running a

DAILY LINE OF STAGES,

between Gettysburg and Chambersburg, leaving Gettysburg at 7 o'clock, A. M., and returning by 7 o'clock, P. M., of each day. Fare each way \$1.50.

Stage Office in Gettysburg, at the "Eagle Hotel."

G. H. TATE & CO.

Aug. 2.

WEBSTER & YINGLING,

(Successors to A. J. Ruler.)

WESTMINSTER BUTZ

AND

STAGE OFFICE,

Corner of Main and Court Streets,

WESTMINSTER.

May 24.

WESTERN HOTEL,

Corner of Howard & Saratoga Streets,

BALTIMORE, MD.

THE subscriber has recently repaired, and newly furnished throughout, the above named Hotel, and is now prepared to accommodate Transient or Permanent Boarders in a manner not to be excelled in the country.

THE BAR is stocked with the CHOICEST WINES, LIQUORS, SEAGRAM, &c. A share of public patronage is respectfully solicited.

J. SANDERS.

Formerly of the "American Hotel Road," Harrisburg, Pa.

Baltimore, Aug. 16.

Skelly & Hollebaugh,

Form their friends and the public, that they continue the TAILORING business, at the old stand, and solicit a continuance of the public patronage. Garments made in the shortest time possible. The New York and Philadelphia Fall and Winter Fashions have just been received.

Oct. 20.

Bonnets and Dress Goods.

A additional supply of Gimp and Straw Bonnets, Berge de Laine, Poplins, and assorted Suits for Ladies' Dresses just received and sold cheap at

FAHNESTOCK'S.

Sept. 25.

Skelly & Hollebaugh,

Form their friends and the public, that they continue the TAILORING business, at the old stand, and solicit a continuance of the public patronage. Garments made in the shortest time possible. The New York and Philadelphia Fall and Winter Fashions have just been received.

Oct. 20.

Bonnets and Dress Goods.

A additional supply of Gimp and Straw Bonnets, Berge de Laine, Poplins, and assorted Suits for Ladies' Dresses just received and sold cheap at

FAHNESTOCK'S.

Sept. 25.

SPRING GOODS

FAHNESTOCK'S.

FAHNESTOCK & SONS would again inform their friends and the public, that they have just returned from the City with their usually large, cheap, and well selected STOCK OF GOODS, to which they invite the attention of purchasers—consisting of

DRY GOODS, GROCERIES,

QUEENSWARE, HARDWARE,

Saddlery, Oil and Paints, Dye Stuffs, CEDAR WARE, &c.

Our stock of Dress Goods, in which the Ladies are particularly interested, is the largest and prettiest ever offered—

Berge de Laines, Poplins, M. de Laines, Lacons, Silks, Berge, Tissues, Alpacaes, &c.

To the Gentlemen we offer the Largest and Cheapest Assortment of

Black and Fancy Cloths and Cassimeres, Vestings, Trews, Knit Jeans, Corals, Valenciennes, Cottonades, and Pants

Stuffs of every variety. Also,

Ready-made LINEN COATS,

CARPETS AND MATTING.

A fine assortment of Bonnets, Bonnet Ribbons, Artificials, Fans, and Dress Trimmings of every variety.

Ladies' Shoes, Palm, Panama and Lehigh Hats, Domestic of all kinds and Prices, Groceries cheaper than ever, Queensware, Dye Stuffs, and Cedar Ware, &c., &c.

The attention of the public is also directed to our very large and general assortment of

HARDWARE,

the largest stock ever offered, which will be sold very low. Also, our complete Stock of

Saddlery, Shoe Findings, Oils and Paints, Glass, Nails, and every variety of

COACH TRIMMINGS.

We ask our friends to give us a call and examine our Stock, as we flatter ourselves that we can please them as heretofore in Pretty and Cheap Goods.

SAMUEL FAHNESTOCK, JAMES F. FAHNESTOCK, HENRY J. FAHNESTOCK.

April 12.

NEW GOODS

MORE OF THEM AND AT LOWER PRICES THAN EVER!

W. M. W. PAXTON has returned from the City with a very large and well selected stock of

HATS, CAPS, BOOTS & SHOES,

of every variety and style, suitable for the season. Call at the Store of the "Two Extremes," and you cannot fail to be suited in quantity, quality, and terms.

Gettysburg, May 3.

Ready-made Clothing.

SKELLY & HOLLEBAUGH have on hand a variety of Ready-made Clothing, embracing Black Cloth Coats, Tweed Coats, Overcoats, Monkey Jackets, fancy and plain black Cassimeres and Saiter Pantalons; Satin, cloth and fancy vests; all of which will be disposed of at the lowest living rates. Call and see.

THE RICHEST AND MOST VARIED ASSORTMENT OF

FANCY GOODS

EVER BROUGHT TO THIS PLACE.

HAS just been received by SCHICK, and is now opening at his Store in South Baltimore street. The public are invited to call and examine goods and prices, both of which cannot but please, he feels fully assured. Among his stock will be found

LADIES' FANCY DRESS GOODS,

such as Silks, Satins, Poplins, Tissues, Bergees, Berge de Laines, Lacons, Alpacaes, Bombazines, Gingham, Swiss, Jaconet and Gambrie Muslins, and Calicoes in great variety. Also,

CLOTHS, CASSIMERES, Valenciennes, Trews, Cottonades, Nankeen, Linen Check, Vestings of all sorts, &c., &c. In short, his stock is very large, and embraces all in his line.

Call and judge for yourselves—no trouble to show goods.

April 12.

2,000 LADIES

ARE willing to certify that the HATHAWAY COOKING STOVE is the very best Stove now in use, inasmuch as they will do more cooking, Roasting and Baking, and do it with less labor, and last as long again as any other stove now sold. These celebrated stoves are constantly kept for sale at a very reduced price, at the

GETTYSBURG FOUNDRY

AND MACHINE SHOP.

Where the subscribers feeling determined to suit all persons, have also the Parlor, Sexton's Baltimore Air-tight, Pradskell, and Calumet Cook Stove, and Air-tight and tin plate Parlor Stoves of the most beautiful patterns.

The Seiler Ploughs,

which cannot be surpassed for lightness or draught or in the character of their work, are constantly on hand for sale, and in view of the fact that the Maryland of these Ploughs is one fourth heavier than that of other ploughs, it is decidedly the cheapest that can be obtained.

WITH THESE PLOUGHS and others, Castings for the Woodcock Plough Windmill machinery, Castings and Hollow ware, with every article usually made at Foundries can be obtained.

Blacksmithing and Shoe Making as usual.

T. WARREN & SON.

Dec. 15.

DISSOLUTION.

THE Co-Partnership heretofore existing under the name and style of SNEERINGER & RENSHAW, as by law dissolved by mutual consent.

The outstanding accounts and liabilities of the firm, will be settled and paid by either partner.

PUS SNEERINGER, JOHN A. RENSHAW.

Littlestown, July 14, 1852.

CO-PARTNERSHIP.

THE undersigned have this day entered into a Co-Partnership, under the firm of

SNEERINGER & SUTHER,

and will continue the Mercantile Business, as heretofore conducted at the Old Stand of the late Firm of Sneeringer & Renshaw. They solicit and would be thankful for a continuance of the patronage of the public.

PUS SNEERINGER, EDWIN L. SUTHER.

Littlestown, July 14, 1852.

BUFF CASSIMER.

THE attention of a Gentleman is invited to a very superior quality of Buff Cassimer, the Establishment of SKELLY & HOLLEBAUGH, Mercantile Tailors, Gettysburg, where may be found Fancy Cassimers of every variety and quality.

A later lot of Cassimeres and Queensware, just received at the cheap store of

A. ARNOLD.

Sept. 2.

A CHALLENGE

THE RICHEST & BEST ASSORTMENT OF

SPRING & SUMMER GOODS,

For Gentlemen's Wear, NEVER OPENED IN GETTYSBURG!

SKELLY & HOLLEBAUGH

TAKK pleasure in calling the attention of their friends and the public to their extensive stock of Fashionable Goods for Gentlemen's wear, just received from the city, which, for variety of style, beauty of finish, and superior quality, challenges comparison with any other stock in the place. Our assortment of

Cloths, plain and fancy Trews and Cassimeres, Vestings, Saiters, Summer Coatings, &c., &c.

CAN'T BE BEAT! Give us a call, and examine for yourselves. We have purchased our stock carefully, and with a desire to please the tastes of all, from the most practical to the most fastidious.

TAILORING, in all its branches, attended to as heretofore, with the assistance of good workmen.

THE FASHIONS for Spring and Summer have been received.

May 3.

NEW ARRIVAL OF

SPRING GOODS

At the Farmers' Cheap Store.

A. B. KURTZ has just returned from Baltimore and Philadelphia with a large and very desirable lot of

SPRING AND SUMMER GOODS.

He would invite the attention of the LADIES to his complete assortment of Dress Silks, Berge de Laine, very rich styles, Silk Poplins, Plain and Figured Alpacaes, new style, Mous. de Laines, Lawns, Silk Tissues, Berge, plain and figured, &c., &c., Gingham, Checks, Muslins, Tickings, Sheetings, Calicoes, &c., &c.

GENTLEMEN'S WEAR.

Cloth, Cassimeres, Summer Cloths and Vestings in great variety; also, Linen Cotton Pant Stuffs at all prices; a very handsome assortment of Goods for BOYS' WEAR.

CARPETING.

A very large lot of Carpeting, varying in price from 13 to 51, 100, Call and look at it, if you want to buy or not—no trouble to show our Goods.

QUEENSWARE.

Our assortment of Queensware is admitted to be the cheapest in the County. I am receiving a large addition to my former stock—Glassware of every description direct from the manufacturer's.

GROCERIES—GROCERIES.

A very large assortment of Groceries—the best of Sugar and very Coffee in town; also, Molasses, Tea, Pepper, Starch, Spices, &c.—all very cheap.

Wanted in exchange for Goods, Butter, Lard, Eggs, Hams, Sides, Shoulders, &c.—for which the highest market price will be given.

If you want to save your money, call at KURTZ'S CHEAP CORNER.

April 19.

NEW HARDWARE STORE.

THE Subscribers would respectfully announce to their friends and the public, that they have opened a NEW HARDWARE STORE in Baltimore street, adjoining the residence of David Ziegler, Gettysburg, in which they are opening a large and general assortment of

Hardware, Iron, Steel, GROCERIES,

CUTLERY, COACH TRIMMING, Springs, Axes, Saddlery, CEDAR WARE, SHOE FINDINGS,

Paints, Oils, & Dye Stuffs, in general, including every description of articles in the above line of business—to which they invite the attention of Coach makers, Blacksmiths, Carpenters, Cabinet-makers, Shoemakers, Saddlers, and the public generally.

Our Stock having been selected with great care, and purchased for Cash, we guarantee (for the ready money) to dispose of any part of our reasonable terms as they can be purchased any where.

We particularly request a call from our friends, and earnestly solicit a share of public favor, as we are determined to establish a character for selling Goods at low prices, and doing business on fair principles.

JOEL B. DANNER, DAVID ZIEGLER.

Gettysburg, June 8.

DRY GOODS.

A additional supply received and opened this week at

FAHNESTOCK'S.

May 31.

PARASOLS! PARASOLS!

rich just received and for sale cheap at

SCHICK'S.

April 12.

LADIES' SHOES.

THE attention of the Ladies is particularly directed to the large and splendid Stock of Slippers, Boshies, Jenny Lind Shoes—all of all quality and exceedingly low at

FAHNESTOCK'S.

May 12.

SUB-SOIL PLOUGHS,

OF the best quality, always on hand, and for sale, in Gettysburg, at the Foundry of

T. WARREN & SON.

BONNETS, Jenny Lind, China Pearl, Hair and T. and Hair and Gimps, and various other styles, with Mosses Lace and Gimpes, at

A. B. KURTZ'S.

April 11.

HARDWARE & SADDLERY,

an additional supply just received and for sale very low at

FAHNESTOCK'S.

May 31.

QUEENWARE AND GROCERIES

every variety and cheap at

FAHNESTOCK'S.

May 12.

BLACK SUE, Black Silk Lace and Fringe,

a new supply just received and for sale very low at

FAHNESTOCK'S.

May 31.

PARASOLS and UMBRELLAS,

a large and varied assortment. Call at KURTZ'S Cheap Corner.

April 11.

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April 11.

PARASOLS and UMBRELLAS,

GEN. SCOTT IN THE WEST.

From the Ohio State Journal of Sept. 23.

The journey of General Scott from Cleveland to Columbus was a complete triumphal march. At every point where the express train stopped, vast masses of the people, the real hard-working farmers and mechanics of the land, were there, eager and anxious to see, to hear, and to take by the hand the great patriot chieftain who for so long a period has been distinguished in the annals of the nation. General Scott, at each of these points, was enthusiastically called out, and addressed the people briefly but eloquently and appropriately. He has studiously refrained from all allusion to party topics. His is not a political mission. He is ordered by our Government to proceed to Mayville, where he will meet a Commission to select a location for an hospital for infirm and aged soldiers of the United States army. But it has been for years impossible for him to travel through the country without being met with the warmest greetings from his admiring countrymen. His present position, as the candidate of the Whig party for President, renders it a delicate duty for him to receive and dispose of these manifestations of regard in an appropriate manner. But his long experience and great good sense come to his aid, and enable him to meet the task with great propriety.

The people along the road will remember the 21st of September with great pleasure, and we have no doubt that the grateful and enthusiastic reception he has met will be a pleasure to him in his declining years. Long may he live to enjoy the warm regard and affection of the American people!

A Vile Slander Repelled.—Speech of Gen. Scott to the Germans.

Judge Heyl waited upon General Scott, and, on behalf of some of our German citizens, referred to a paragraph from the Westbote, a German paper published in Columbus, and containing the statement that Gen. Scott died of a fever and died of fifteen Germans while in Mexico. Other charges, of his having hanged others cruelly and unjustly, were also referred to. Never have we witnessed a scene more imposing than when the old chieftain, with quick and indignant response, repelled the false and malignant charge. Lofly in stature, and standing at least four inches above the tallest of those among whom he stood, his form seemed gigantic, as with heightened color and flashing eye, and a wave of his hand that expressed a calm defiance of all such assaults, he uttered his emphatic protest against such assaults as that paragraph presented.

"New and before unknown to me are such things as have now been told me. They surprise and they pain me. They at once concern all that I value personally, and aim a blow at all that wherein, if I know myself, I have the highest pride. They attack my own identity. The principles for which I have believed I need never search my own bosom in vain, are here undermined or denied me. I am met with charges of injustice and cruelty while leading an American army through Mexico, and while participating alike in its trials and its triumphs.

"Gentlemen it was my lot to lead an American army upon a foreign field. I went resolved to sustain, in the fore front of my progress, the high tide water-mark of our own American civilization, in all its moral and civil virtue. The standard of our own and not the practices of that foreign country was the standard which I sought for the government of men's passions and the control of the license and excesses of war. Alike to Americans, whether native or of foreign birth, and to Mexicans, I declared my purpose and exhibited my principles of action.

"I promulgated the martial code. Doubtless you all have read it. I deemed it necessary. I could do nothing without it. It announced the spirit of our progress, and held amenable to punishment all who forgot manhood, and threatened to bring shame upon our flag, dishonor to our arms, or a reproach upon our virtue. Without it we had not conquered, the brightest trophy of our conquest had been wanting. It would have been a physical triumph, and a physical triumph alone. Humanity would have disowned us. I promulgated that order. Read it, and read it again, gentlemen, and then bear me witness that it was in my heart, as it was almost hourly on my lips for continued months, to carry with American arms, and under the American flag, even into an enemy's country, all the elements of social order, and that regard for personal right that belonged to our own free institutions in the United States.

"Yes, I sought to carry with me, and resolved to maintain at all hazards among my own command, and also that people among whom we should be thrown, that high standard of virtue and honor which we boasted at home. Had I not been less than an American, and recedent to the highest interests of humanity and the age we rejoice in, if I had done less? They say I hanged some Germans, and tied up and flogged others. Gentlemen, some persons were hanged in Mexico. The names of all of them I do not recollect. Whether any were Germans or not I know not. But for what? for what were they hanged? I hanged one for rape upon an innocent female, and for profane wicked church robbery. All knew that that was over them. Every man of them knew he would be held as answerable for vile misdeeds against the laws of God and man as if he were then upon American soil.

"For such crimes they suffered; for such crimes as here in your own Ohio—a land of law—would have brought down upon them severe penalties and with royal justice. Some did suffer death. But their trial was fair, impartial, and upon the same principles of solid law upon which they would have been adjudged guilty here among you. Do some say I hanged fifteen Germans, and that others were arraigned and flogged with out cause or trial. Gentlemen, I know nothing of it. It is false; it is a lie—an invention, gentlemen—a lie. I see aged citizens before me. I see eminent lawyers here. And gentlemen, you see me much excited. But is it not for cause? For one who for fifty years has bravely ever walked, rose, slept, or eaten, or even taken a cup of cold water in the field, the town, or the camp, but that his thoughts were of his country, her virtues, her wrongs, her honor, to be thus assailed, it is monstrous, it is intolerable! Gentlemen, I did, with a high

hand, sustain the law, which, with uprightness in my heart, I determined to sustain. I did hang for murder; I did hang for rape; I did hang for treason; I did hang for thieves and pickpockets. For, gentlemen, let me again say, I not only carried with me, but I resolved, with every resource I could command, to sustain, fearlessly and affectionately, in its virtue and its choicest blessings, not only to my own command, but to defenceless and peaceable Mexicans, that civilization; yes, that Christian civilization of which I was proud to believe that army might appear a worthy representative.

Departure of Gen. Scott.

At about 9 o'clock yesterday the illustrious Conqueror of Mexico left this city for Circleville, Chillicothe, &c., on his way to Mayville, Ky. The excitement and joy caused by his presence continued unabated till the last, and when the coach in which he was seated drove off, the welkin rang with shouts and cheers or "Huzza for Scott." Thousands of our citizens called upon him, and for each one, without regard to nation or position, he had a word in season. Every man, woman, and child felt his presence pleased and delighted with the urbanity of the General. A large number of German and Irish citizens called upon him, and were treated in the most hospitable and cordial manner. The vile slander that he is vain, proud, haughty, and aristocratic, that he will not recognize or speak to a common man in citizen's common dress, has received its death-blow in this community. Our laborers know the story is false. They have had a demonstration of what his whole life has taught, and that he is a true gentleman, that he respects all classes, that he has a hearty sympathy for the masses everywhere. Such is General Scott. Such have our people of all classes found him to be.

The State of the Canvass.

A very marked change has taken place within a few weeks in the appearance of the Presidential campaign. The Whigs have become very active and enthusiastic. Their public meetings are large and spirited and frequent. They are all united. They will exert their whole strength, and they are gaining converts every day.

Their principles and their men are popular; and they are taking great pains to spread information concerning both. They are appealing to the good sense and the good feeling of the people; and the people are responding in the right way to their appeal. And thus it is that the ball rolls on, gathering size and velocity as it rolls.

The Democracy, on the other hand, are daily losing ground. Their attempts to get up a show of enthusiasm fail. Their township meetings are slim. Their pole raisings are failures. And they dare not rely upon themselves for a State Convention; but, as if conscious of their own weakness, appeal to the neighboring cities for help.

This is nothing strange. It is the reasonable consequence of nominating for the Presidency a man whom the Democratic party never desired to be nominated, and whom they never heard of. This experiment of running unknown and insignificant men for the Presidency will not answer.

Then, again, the Democracy have not a single principle to rally for; not one. Some of them go for principle, we admit, as New Jersey for the tariff. But they have up-hill work going for the tariff and against the tariff party—for a Whig measure and against the Whig party—for the tariff and for the anti-tariff candidate for the Presidency. That is a crooked sort of game, that aspirants for office must often play, but it won't succeed with honest straightforward people.

The truth is, the Democrats have neither men nor principles to work for. They have no rallying object, and no rallying cry. Having nothing to work for, their masses will not work. Their people—especially the people in the country—see nothing to work for, and consequently they are not working. Hence the great want of enthusiasm which now pervades the Democratic ranks everywhere. It is very apparent that they are going to make but a feeble stand against the resistless march of the great Whig column.

Let them, the Whig forces advance with renewed order and with resolution. Scott leads the column. Forward!—*New Jersey State Gazette.*

The Tribune, in an article on "Our Candidate," (Gen. Scott,) says: "Aside from every other distinction, Gen. Scott is a model citizen. No charge of vice, of extravagance, of discreditable indulgence, of solid aims or mercenary motives, can be brought against him. Simply as a man, Gen. Scott stands before the world unimpaired and unimpeachable. He has passed through a thousand scenes of temptation in his public career, he has enjoyed opportunities to amass the wealth of a potentate, yet he is to-day a man with not a spot or blemish, and, though always living a frugal life, yet he is wholly without fortune. Of the millions that have passed through his hands, and of the millions he might have clutched had he stooped to it, not a dollar has stuck to his palm."

The State Agricultural Fair will commence at Lancaster on the 20th inst., and continue three days.

THE ADAMS SENTINEL.
GETTYSBURG:
Monday, October 4, 1852.

Whig Standard Bearer.

For President,
WINFIELD SCOTT,
OF NEW JERSEY.

For Vice President,
WILLIAM A. GRAHAM,
OF NORTH CAROLINA.

For Judge of the Supreme Court,
JOSEPH BUFFINGTON,
OF ARNOLD COUNTY.

For Canal Commissioner,
JACOB HOFFMAN,
OF HARRIS COUNTY.

WHIG COUNTY TICKET.

Congress.

SAMUEL L. RUSSELL,
OF HARRIS COUNTY.

Assembly.

DR. D. MELLINGER,
Commissioner.

JOHN MICKLEY, Jr.,
Auditor.

JOHN DICKSON, Jr.,
Directors of Poor.

PETER SMITH,
JOSEPH BAYLY, (1 year.)

Whigs of Adams.

Are you ready? To-morrow week you have an important duty to fulfill. You must give that day to your country. The election, all feel, is an interesting one, not only in itself but as a prelude to the one to come off four weeks hence. We have a prospect of electing a Judge of the Supreme Court, of unsullied reputation, and high attainments. We have also reason to think that so great dissatisfaction is felt, even in the Democratic ranks, as to the corruption of the Canal Board, that large numbers of that party will join us in electing our candidate, Mr. Hoffman, of Berks, who, all acknowledge, is a man of unusually discriminating mind and correct judgment, and who will be a check upon those members of the Canal Board, who are enriching themselves at the expense of the State. The people feel that such a man is needed there; and it is certainly wise and patriotic in all to give him a hearty support. If for nothing else, it is the duty of all to be at the polls for this.

The election for Congress is highly important, and when we have so good a man as Mr. RUSSELL, of Bedford, whose principles are so sound, and whose reputation is without stain, it is our duty to sustain him triumphantly over Mr. DANSEN, to whom it is very certain the Whigs of Adams count on nothing for the past, and from whom they can hope for nothing in the future. Think of this, and at the polls make your votes tell for your excellent candidate.

We do hope the staunch and reliable Whigs of the "Young Guard" will, to a man, be at their posts on to-morrow week, and see that their neighbors are there too. You have a high reputation throughout the State for your valor in many a hard-fought contest. See to it, that you do not now disgrace that name!

The Bedford Gazette thinks "if Mr. DANSEN comes out even in Adams county, he will be elected to Congress." Come out, even, indeed! There are too many staunch Whigs in Adams, to suffer such an event to occur at this time. If that gentleman ever "came out even," it was not for a seat in Congress, but for other offices. When he ran against Dr. Nix for Congress, in 1848, he was beaten by that gentleman 501—and we rather guess the same kind of a drubbing will be received by him to-morrow week.

The "Democracy" have fixed upon the 13th inst. for a Mass meeting in Gettysburg—and will try hard to make a show.

Judge Fisher. We regret very much to see that the Hon. ROBERT J. FISHER, President Judge of this District, presided at the Pierce meeting at Millburg on Saturday week. When Judges become political partisans, and go so far as to preside at party meetings, there is very great danger that political feeling may be carried to the bench—an event which would be deeply regretted by every lover of justice, and of the purity of the judicial character.

The corner-stone of the female seminary, at Hagerstown, Md., was laid on Wednesday last, with appropriate ceremonies. A procession was formed under the direction of Isaac Nesbitt, Esq., chief marshal, which proceeded to the Lutheran Church, where addresses were delivered by the Revs. Dr. W. and Schmeucker, after which the throng moved to the site of the new building, and the ceremony of the laying of the corner-stone took place.

Immigration.—It has already been mentioned that 6,832 foreign immigrants arrived at New York on Thursday and Friday of last week. Since then 29 vessels have arrived from Europe, bringing 7,321 passengers. It is said that most of them have already started westward, where there is ample room for millions yet to come.

Mass Meeting at Emmitsburg.

The friends of Scott and Graham had a handsome demonstration on Thursday last at Emmitsburg, hearing that of the opposition held before three to one. H. Winter Davis and Mr. Milligan of Baltimore, made effective speeches. A handsome pole, 175 feet in height, was erected during the day in front of the Whig Headquarters, towering some 50 feet above the Pierce and King pole erected the week before.

A large delegation from Gettysburg, accompanied with music, banners, and various devices—conspicuous among which was a mammoth *Soup-bowl* mounted upon a carriage, and another representing an immense Turtle following immediately after—were in attendance, and attracted considerable attention in passing through the town.

A night meeting, we understand, was held, at which J. Smith, of Westminster, and D. McConaughy, of this place, were the speakers.—*Star.*

The following are the officers of the Adams County Fire Insurance Company:

President—George Swape.
Vice President—Samuel R. Russell.
Secretary—J. A. Buchler.
Treasurer—Jacob Grist.
Executive Committee—Robert McCurdy, Jacob King, Andrew Heintzelman.

It will be recollected that the act passed in 1851 requires the tickets for Judge of the Supreme Court to be voted on a separate piece of paper. As they are at the head of the other tickets, they can be cut off by each voter.

Splendid Exhibition.

Wheeler's celebrated paintings of "Christ Healing the Sick," and "Death on the Pale Horse," will be exhibited on Thursday evening next, at St. James' Church, in York street, at 7 o'clock. Lectures will be also delivered upon the characters and subject. The price of admission is but 12 cents—which is indeed but a small sum for so interesting an exhibition.

Distressing Accident.

On Saturday afternoon last, an interesting child of Mr. Joseph Barker, of Littlestown, was passing by a horse which was hitched near his dwelling, when the animal kicked the child in the pit of the stomach, causing so severe an injury, that it died yesterday, between 11 and 12 o'clock.

The Chambersburg Repository of last week announces that the Cholera has ceased in that borough, and that there were not then five sick persons in the town, of all diseases. That journal "raps us over the knuckles" for announcing that there were fifty cases on the 18th. We would inform the Editor, that our information was derived from one of the most respectable citizens of Chambersburg, who was in this place on the day following, and so stated. We could not doubt his authority—and made the publication referred to. If it was incorrect, we were not censurable.

Hanover Rail Road Finished.

We learn that the entire track of the Hanover Branch Railroad is laid, and that the cars run up to Hanover on Wednesday evening last, for the first time. The Hanover route appears to be the one pretty generally selected by our citizens now, to reach the cities; and two daily lines of coaches are now running between this and Hanover.

The Hon. Mr. Crittenden delivered an eulogy on Henry Clay at Louisville, Ky., on Wednesday last. He spoke of the exalted virtues of the lamented patriot, in a strain of bursting and touching eloquence, which softened every heart and melted almost every eye present to tears. Never, perhaps, in the history of Kentucky, has there been presented an occasion so full of interest.

Gen. Scott visited Ashland on Thursday, and had a prolonged and affecting interview with the widow of Henry Clay.

Harpur's Magazine, for October, is indeed a choice number, and fully sustains its deservedly high reputation.

First Gun from Tennessee.—A Telegraphic despatch dated at Nashville on Monday says: "At the Nashville municipal election the Whig Mayor was elected by 244 majority. Last year the majority was 25. Nine Whig and three Democratic Aldermen are elected."

The manifestations of regard which accompany Gen. Scott in his progress in the West are highly significant—so much so that misrepresentation and abuse are attracted from the adversary. It is said that Gen. Scott is on an electioneering tour—whereas he goes only in the discharge of a public duty. He seeks no gatherings of the people—who gather together of their own accord to greet him on his way. How is it possible, asks the Baltimore American, that such a man, in the circumstance of his position, should travel at all without exciting public interest?

A block of buildings was destroyed by fire in Brooklyn, N. Y., on Tuesday morning last; and one man, a servant girl, and a child ten years old, were burnt to death in the flames.

Dr. Hawkes, of New York, has been elected Bishop of Rhode Island by the Special Convention of the Protestant Episcopal Church, now in session in Providence.

On the night of the 30th ultimo, the town of Cynthiana, in Kentucky, was fired by incendiaries. Eight dwellings were destroyed, with two lively stables and several other buildings.

Remember, says the Lancaster Examiner, that the October election is the preliminary trial of strength in Pennsylvania—that its result will determine the course of thousands of voters who are waiting to discover the strong side, and will brighten or obscure the prospects of Gen. Scott throughout the Union. Your exertions are even more important at the first election than at the second; for if you carry the first, the second will carry itself, but if you fail at the first, your best efforts will scarcely retrieve your fortune at the second.

Do you despair of success at the October election? There is not only no cause for this, but every reason to the contrary. Hundreds of reflecting locomotives, who condemn the despotic conduct of the present Canal Board, will assist you in the contest, and the victorious prestige of your gallant leader will assure you victory. You were beaten more than 17,000 in 1847, and in 1848 you scarcely hoped to elect your Governor, but succeeded beyond your most sanguine expectations.

Then, let us urge you to the active and determined effort the occasion requires.—Discard all notion of reserving a margin for increase at the Presidential election, and resolve to poll your entire vote—for a FULL VOTE IS A WHIG VICTORY!

The Whig spirit is aroused in Florida. The canvass has been commenced there in earnest. Col. Ward, the Whig candidate for Governor, and Major Finley, one of the Whig Electors, have taken the stump and are carrying the war into the enemy's camp. Barbecues and free discussions are the order of the day, and the Whig champions bear themselves gallantly.

The great Kentucky Agricultural Fair and Cattle Show took place at Paris, Ky., last week, and the crowd in attendance was immense. It is estimated that on Tuesday upwards of 30,000 were on the ground, a large number of whom were ladies. Gen. Scott was present, and was received with great enthusiasm. He made a beautiful and eloquent speech, which was received with rapturous plaudits.

During the whole line of the General's travel, the people have turned out in immense crowds to welcome him—and his journey is one of triumph. He is indeed the candidate for the masses.

An election took place throughout the State of Wisconsin on Tuesday last, for Judicial officers. The returns, as far as received, indicate the defeat of the regularly nominated Democratic ticket, and the success of the Independent ticket. There was no regular Whig ticket in the field.

Judge Macfarlane, one of the editors of the Harrisburg Keystone, and an Associate Judge of Huntingdon county, was killed on Monday morning last, at his country near Hollidaysburg, by the falling of a heavy casting upon him. He was an estimable citizen, and widely known throughout the State.

Measures are in progress at Washington City to form an association to erect a National Monument in that City in honor of Henry Clay. The association is to be composed of members of every section in the Union, and a number of members of Congress and distinguished citizens of Washington have announced their readiness to co-operate in the movement at the next session of Congress.

The Right Rev. PHILANDER CHASE, Protestant Bishop of Illinois, who, it will be recollected, was thrown from his carriage some time ago, and severely injured, died on Tuesday last, from the injuries received. He has been a Bishop for 34 years, and was the Senior and thus the Presiding Bishop of the Church. His death is deeply lamented.

A very extensive counterfeiting establishment was discovered and broken up on Tuesday night last, in Philadelphia.—Two men were arrested. There was a very large amount of counterfeit notes on a great many banks obtained, also a great variety of plates, press, roller, ink, chemicals, tools, and power, showing that counterfeiting was carried on to a very large extent. One of the men, named Sterrett, had a large amount of spurious gold dollars on his person when arrested.

An amusing but somewhat perplexing incident occurred at New York on Tuesday evening. A fire took place at the Gas works, which caused a suspension of a portion of the supply of gas, and suddenly plunged the upper portion of the city into "darkness profound." At the Metropolitan Hall, a large crowd, just assembling to hear Madame Alberti, was compelled to disperse all in the dark; and in the hotel, the fashionable were just at supper, when they were in a twinkling thrown into such a darkness as suspended for a time their carnivorous exercises. A great many amusing scenes occurred.

A great scarcity of Silver continues to be felt in most parts of England, and in consequence of the sums taken by emigrants, the demands on the part of some of the Banks in the North have been larger than could be met by the supplies from the mint.

Pennsylvania Railroad.—The receipts of this road for August show an increase of 40 per cent. over the same month last year. The total increase from January to August, inclusive, this year, over the corresponding period last year, is \$572,446 65.

THE OCTOBER ELECTION.

Let every friend of Good Men, sound Principles and General Scott attend the Polls.

The election for Canal Commissioner and Judge of the Supreme Court of Pennsylvania, will take place on the 12th of October. We hope that every friend of good men, of sound principles, and of General Scott will attend the polls. Buffington and Hoffman are good men, eminently qualified for the offices for which they have been nominated. The former is learned, dignified, sober, moral and incorruptible; the latter is active, shrewd, practical and observant, with a knowledge not merely of books, but of men. No locomotive can cheat him. He is exactly the man to ferret out the abuses and corruptions in the Canal Board. In the election of these men, sound principles are promoted and vindicated and bad principles condemned. The effects of the election of Hoffman and Buffington on the Presidential election, will be strikingly beneficial. It will inspire our friends all over the Union with confidence, and will lead to an easy and glorious victory in November. Let the friends of General Scott organize in every township of every county in the State. Bring every voter to the Polls.—Work in the most efficient and thorough manner. The October election secures the November election, and as goes Pennsylvania so goes the Union.—*Tel.*

The excursion of General Scott [to the West] has developed a sentiment which cannot fail to strike terror into the hearts of his opponents. They already seem to realize their doom and to see the handwriting on the wall. Political indignation finds vent in coarse calumnies because the people have chosen to attest their affection for General Scott. But these slanders, like the curses of the Eastern proverb, are destined to come home to roost. Gen. Harrison and Gen. Taylor, in their day, were pursued in the same persecuting spirit. It is only natural, then, that Gen. Scott, whose good fortune it has been to achieve more for the Republic than either of these illustrious men, should be assailed with equal malice and vituperation. The more unexceptionable the life of our candidate, the more keenly he is tracked and slandered.

Every ounce which comes to us brings increased reason for the belief that Gen. Scott's election will be the most triumphant vindication of Whig principles which has been witnessed for many years. He combines all the popular elements in an eminent degree, and presents those features of character which are peculiarly fitted to shine in the Chief Magistracy. Party ties are not sufficiently strong to restrain the gushing fervor of popular affection. Thinking men cannot be dragged into the service of a mere partisan, without merit or name, when the claims of a hero and a statesman like Winfield Scott ask a just verdict at the hands of his countrymen. It is for this reason that thousands of true and conscientious Democrats have abandoned party, preferring to obey the higher summons which patriotism has made.—*North American.*

The Great Unknown.

The Hon. Charles Fenton Mercer, of Virginia, who served four years in Congress at the same time with Gen. Pierce; the Hon. Edward Stanley, who served five years with him in the same capacity; and the Hon. Thomas F. Marshall, of Kentucky, who also served several years, with many other members; all testify that they have no recollection of Gen. Pierce, in his public and private relations. Surely such a person must be "a marvellous proper man" to run for the Presidency! His most partial advocates cannot put their hands on a single act, speech, report or measure, which originated with him, and which would in any way entitle him to more than common consideration. And yet such is the individual selected to compete for the Chief Magistracy with a statesman and soldier whose fame is a part of the nation's history, and whose deeds and character are known wherever the English tongue is spoken or read.

Monster Mass Meeting at Pottsville.

The Whig Mass meeting at Pottsville, on Saturday week, was another of the monster demonstrations of the people in favor of Gen. Scott, the man who is the choice of the people for President. Large delegations attended from Philadelphia, Berks and other counties. From Philadelphia alone, several trains of passenger cars were filled with delegates, numbering two thousand, besides brass bands, glee clubs, &c., with lancers, flags, &c., which presented a most animated and cheering spectacle. The delegation from Reading was nearly as large. Pottsville literally overflowed with people, filling the streets, hotels, boarding houses, and every other place where the best accommodations could be procured.

The North American says: "So great was the mass of visitors, that many were unable to obtain accommodations, and others were glad to procure any resting place, however humble or devoid of comfort. That there were at least TWENTY THOUSAND persons gathered there to witness the display, every one who saw it will readily admit. It was a glorious, encouraging, inspiring demonstration, and will long be remembered by all concerned in it."

Starving Himself to Death.—A negro, convicted on Long Island, two weeks since, of murder, and sentenced to be hung on the 29th inst., has refused to take any food since Monday week—and wishes to come to his final end by starvation.

Full Expedition to Liberia.—On the 1st of November the brig Ralph Cross will sail from Baltimore for Liberia, with freight, cabin passengers and emigrants. The prospect is that about two hundred emigrants will go out in the vessel. They are nearly all from Virginia and North Carolina. A number of missionaries are expected to embark in the Ralph Cross, with whom will be the Rev. Bishop Scott, of the Methodist Episcopal Church. The New York Commercial says:

Rev. James Perry, of this city, expects to go out in the same vessel. He received his appointment as general superintendent of the Methodist Episcopal Church in Liberia some weeks ago. He is appointed to the office until 1856; and when a Bishop is not in Africa, Mr. Perry will be the president of the conference.

It is intended to send another vessel, from New Orleans, about the 1st of December. The desire for emigration was never so great as at the present time. The report of those who have been sent out to examine the country and report thereon is highly satisfactory. The Colonization Herald, for October, contains interesting letters from agents who have been delegated to Africa, and who have written their opinions, giving most favorable accounts of the condition of the country.

Terrible Fatality.—Nearly the entire population of Melville, Grant county, Wisconsin, has been swept away by either the cholera or ship fever. In one family six, and in another the majority of the members have died. The disease was communicated to the place by a party of emigrants, who passed through Grant into Bad Ax county, losing a large number of their company, and in some instances leaving them dead on the road, without any effort to bury them.

Cholera at Rochester.—Rochester, N. Y., has been severely scourged by this terrible malady. Its ravages have been far greater than on any former visitation. In 1832, the first year of its appearance in America, there were 108 deaths in a population of 13,000; in 1834, 58 deaths in a population of 16,000; in 1849, 150 deaths in a population of 36,000; and in 1852, the American says:—"At least 400 citizens have fallen before it; for weeks silence and inactivity have prevailed in our streets, and business suffered to the amount of more than \$1,000,000."

A Natural Phosphenon, which may be called one of the seven plagues of Egypt, took place in the middle of last month, at Legnano, in several places of Germany, and at Fribourg, and consisted in the appearance, in those places, of clouds made of flying ants, as big as wasps. These insects covered the ground, ate all the crops, and afterward disappeared.

Horrible, if True.—A letter to the London Times states, in a small burying-ground in the densely populated neighborhood of Portland and St. John's Wood, London, from 2000 to 4000 corpses are buried annually, the whole soil being one festering mass of corruption.

A New Kind of "Pocket Patch."—The Portland Advertiser says that, at the camp meeting at Bethel last week, it was noticed that some "New Testaments," which were hawked about near the camp ground, sold rapidly, especially to the uncovered; and it turned out that they were "earthen vessels," in the form of books filled with liquor. Two persons who were engaged in the business were arrested and fined \$10 and costs each.

A Mammoth Balloon.—M. Potin will make an ascension at Springfield, Mass., during the present week, with a balloon twenty-seven times larger than was ever previously raised in the United States. It is 108 feet high, 70 feet in diameter, and contains six miles of seams. The silk of which it is made was manufactured by order of Louis Napoleon, for flags, and having been inspected by him, was condemned on account of its color. The whole cost \$1,500.

Singular Accident.—The New York Express states that a few nights ago, a gentleman residing in Barclay street, near College place, during his sleep at home, was dreaming that he was on the railroad track, and the locomotive was about to run over him, jumped out of bed and broke his leg, and was otherwise injured.

The Dead on the Plains.—Col. George E. Blodgett, who has just reached St. Joseph from the Plains, has furnished the Gazette of that place with a list containing the names, time of death, and former residence, of some 150 persons, whose graves he saw on the roadside, on the north side of the Platte, between Devil's Gate and the Missouri river. There are many others he did not see, whilst many bodies are destroyed by wolves. He estimates the emigration this year at 40,000 people, 8,000 wagons, and about sixty thousand head of cattle.

Hon. Ben. Hardin, a distinguished politician of Kentucky, and formerly a member of Congress from that State, died at Bardonia, on the 24th ult.

A Chapter of Accidents.

PHILADELPHIA, Sept. 26.—Henry Adair, while on his way to the whig meeting at Pottsville yesterday, was run over by the cars near Pottsville, and had his arm crushed.

By the breaking of a car wheel near Pottsville, the train was thrown off the track, by which two gentlemen were severely crushed and others slightly injured.

At Pottsville, while a salute was being fired, a cannon prematurely discharged, shattering the arm of the young man who was loading it.

The engineer of the Mine Hill train fell on the track near Pottsville, and was so badly crushed that he died in a few hours.


Sad Mortality.—Major Edmund Ross Riddle, and his son, Duncan S. Riddle, natives of Pennsylvania, died in Talladega county, Ala., recently, within a few days of each other, of dysentery. Major Riddle was formerly a contractor on the public works of Maryland, and subsequently, with Col. Fremont, surveyed the Columbia (S.C.) Railroad. His brother also completed various contracts, amounting to several millions of dollars, on the internal improvements of Maryland, Virginia, Pennsylvania and other States.

Entered according to Act of Congress, in the year
1861, by J. S. HOUGHTON, St. D., in the clerk's
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PREPARED from Rennet, or the fourth
much of the fluid, the secretions of
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welfare of people is at all times of
importance. I ask it for granite
evidence, that I have no equal in the
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An article founded upon scientific principle compounded with purely vegetable substances perfectly safe when taken, and can be used by the most tender infant without need of benumbing or narcotizing agents. It has been found to weaken and debilitate; it is a tonic purgative.

My Worm Syrup are such, that it stands as equal in the catalogue of medicines, in

THE TAPE WORM.

This is the most difficult of Worms to destroy that infest the human system. It grows to an indefinite length, becomes coiled and # in the Intestines and Stomach, affecting the system and causing much suffering. For the worms are killed without very much pain. Tape Worms hatching themselves so early get into the system and are very difficult to get out. If pursued, it would therefore be better to prevent them from getting into the system at all. One of the best ways to do this is to use the Worm Syrup upon the Worm, which must be taken of 2 tablespoonfuls 3 times a day. These are to follow when have never been before. This is the most absolute cure of Tape Worm.

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No part of the system is made liable so soon as the Liver is diseased. The blood, in giving the proper secretion, is so that any wrong action of the Liver affects its important parts of the system; and traces of it are found in all the organs of the body. Therefore, if you find any of the following symptoms, they will indicate a wrong action of the Liver:

These Pills being composed of Roots and an Extract of the most delicate Herbs: Name them—**LIVER PILLS**, which augment the secretion from the Pulmonary matter, and promotes the discharge of secreted matter.

ALLEGATIVE, which changes in sam- pleable and reasonable manner the certain condition of the Liver, and restores the strength to the nervous system, re- health and vigor to all parts of the body.

CATHARTIC, which acts in partial con- junction with the other ingredients and operates by evacuating the bowels, purifying the blood, and vitiated matter, and purifying the Blood.

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You will find that these Pills are invaluable in many complaints to which females are subject, obstructions either local or general, they have found of inestimable benefit, restoring the normal arrangements to a healthy course, purging the blood, and clearing the system generally. In flight all complaints which may arise from irregularities, such as headache, dizziness, double vision, the back, back, etc.

None genuine unless signed J. N. Boileau, and the name of the Dispensary is on the wrapper.

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